(XXVIIth YEAR.) THE (Nº. 1365) 603

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1771.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *July* 17.

THE Sixth Inſtant the Brother to the Grand Viſir ſet out from hence for the Army. He is ſaid to be charged by the Grand Signior to repair to Field Marſhal Count Romanzow with Articles of Peace. What has given riſe to this Report is, that the Day of his Departure, juſt before he ſet out, a grand Council was held in Preſence of the Sultan, to conſider of a Propoſition of that Monarch, whether it would not be more expedient to conclude a Peace with the Ruſſians without the Mediation of any Power, as many Inconveniences might ariſe from ſuch Mediation to this Empire?

FRAWENFELD, *in Switzerland*, *July* 22. In the Morning of the 19th Inſtant a Fire broke out at the Houſe of a Baker, which deſtroyed a whole Street, in which were the Catholick Church and Sixty-four Houſes.

VENICE, *Aug.* 10. It is ſaid that the Muſcovite Fleet in the Black Sea has beat, burnt and ſunk, a Fleet of 150 Turkiſh Veſſels, which were carrying Proviſions and Troops to different Places.

Aug. 24. It is reported here as a Truth, that the Grand Ruſſian Army, commanded by General Romanzow, hath gained a complete Victory over that of the Grand Viſir, that the latter has abandoned his Camp and that ſeveral Baſhaws have been taken Priſoners.

BRESLAW, *Aug.* 12. The Ruſſians have opened the Campaign in Georgia; Prince Salomon, who has joined them, has laid Siege to the Caſtle on the Iſland of Coppa, which makes a moſt vigorous Defence. According to ſome Advices the Regent of Perſia has aſſembled an Army under the Walls of Tauris, with Intent to watch the Motions of the Georgians.

Aug. 13 The laſt Accounts from Poland mention, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has ſent a Courier to Berlin, to notify to his Pruſſian Majeſty, that ſhe has rejected Seven of the Preliminary Articles which were ſent by the Porte, and that ſhe will not agree to any Ceſſation of Arms during the Negotiation.

LONDON,

Auguſt 17. A Treaty is certainly on Foot for the Sale of the Iſland of Corſica; and, it is ſaid, that the Purchaſe-Money will be employed in new Conqueſts. An illuſtrious Traffick! but *Ways and Means* are too much practiſed at this Period to be cenſured without Fear of Reproach.

Tranſlation of a Letter from Leghorn, dated July the 19th, to an Italian Merchant in London.

"Yeſterday landed here, from Three Sardinian Felucas, a Deputation from the free Corſicans, of Seven Perſons, with their Attendants and Baggage, who ſet out at Sun-riſe this Morning for Florence, and are immediately to proceed for Vienna, with Propoſals to the Emperor to guaranty their Treaty with the Grand Duke, whom they are ready immediately to declare King, and Hereditary Sovereign of all Corſica, with an annual Tribute of Eight Hundred Thouſand Sequins, to be levied and collected in whatever Manner the General Aſſembly of the Deputies of the different Pieves ſhall think proper. The Corſicans engage to ſupport a conſtant Body of regular Troops, of Six Thouſand Men, to be annually recruited from their Militia, which is to conſiſt of the male Inhabitants of the whole Kingdom, from the Age of Twenty to Forty Years, to be ſupplied with Arms and Ammunition at the Expence of each Pieve; that their Sovereign, the Grand Duke, ſhall maintain, in Corſica, Nine Battalians of Infantry, Three Troops of Huſſars, a Corps of Artillery of 360 Men, with Three Trains of light Artillery;—and that this Military Force ſhall be landed in Corſica within Four Months after the Signing the Treaty, which is acceded to even by all the Corſicans, now expoſed to the Barbarity of the French Troops, of whom they are poſitive they have deſtroyed Seven Thouſand within the laſt Nine Months. Many they have deſtroyed by poiſoning the Wells and Rivulets that ſupply their Garriſons; their Markſmen conſtantly kill the French Officers; their Horſes are always hamſtrung during the Night, when they are at Graſs; the Hay Ground is regularly burnt up by the Countrymen; their Bridges of Communication are no ſooner finiſhed than blown up; their new Roads are immediately rendered impaſſable, by a ſmall Kind of Mine, called a Fougaſſe, in which Work the Corſican Peaſants are very expert, for Twenty of them can, in one Night, deſtroy what has employed a French Battalion Six Weeks with infinite Labour. They now declare, from the late Examples of French Courage, in their glorious Victory over the French Army, they have not the leaſt Dread of a Hundred French Battalions.——Nothing but the ſavage Barbarity of the French, in ſtabbing the Corſican Children, raviſhing and then hanging their Women, putting their Countrymen, firſt to the Torture and butchering them upon the Rack.—Marks of Inhumanity unknown and unexperienced in any Age—are, they truſt, a ſufficient Apology with Mankind, for uſing ſome Retaliation upon the unprovoked Butchers of their Infants, their Parents, their Wives and themſelves."

Aug. 30. We are aſſured, that the Cauſe of the very ſudden Departure of the French Ambaſſador was, his Apprehenſion of a ſpeedy Diſcovery being made by our Court, that the French were concerned in ſetting Fire to the Dock-Yard at Portſmouth.

The Miniſtry, however, give out, that the Count is gone to attend a Trial at Paris which abſolutely required his Preſence, a conſiderable Legacy having been lately left to him, and that he will return in 3 Weeks.

No French Ambaſſador ever before left this Kingdom without the Formality of taking leave of his Majeſty, except immediately before a War.—If an Ambaſſador from England had left Paris without taking leave, the Pariſians would have made no doubt of a ſpeedy Rupture.

A Correſpondent ſays, the Publick cannot be too much upon their Guard concerning the Reports ſpread Yeſterday upon the Royal Exchange, that Count de Guignes had left the Kingdom merely to avoid anſwering the Charge imputed to France, of having contributed to, or been the Author of, the Fire at Portſmouth, inaſmuch as he never had any Intimation of that Tranſaction. An Allegation as weak as it is falſe, that he has received any Summons on that Head.

The ſame Correſpondent ſays, the Story publiſhed in Wedneſday's Evening Papers, and copied in the Daily Papers of Yeſterday, mentioning that there was a French Frigate at Portſmouth the Day before the Fire, which Frigate had ſailed out in the Night with the Incendiaries, is not better grounded. If ſuch a Circumſtance had happened, there were then a ſufficient Number of Men of War and Frigates in Commiſſion, in the Port, and at Spithead, ready to ſail, and might have been ſent in purſuit of her; and the commanding Officer in that Port would deſerve to be hanged for having neglected to make Uſe of ſuch an Opportunity to procure a Diſcovery of ſo atrocious and criminal an Action.

The Spaniſh Ambaſſador has not as yet received his Letters of Recall from Madrid, though ſuch a Thing, it is ſaid, is hourly expected to happen, as the King of Spain has nominated him to a Command in his naval Department.

It may be depended on, ſays a Correſpondent, that the Spaniſh Court has lately advanced the French Monarchy a Loan of 3,000,000l. Sterling, at a low Intereſt, on ſome freſh Bargain being made between the Two Crowns.

Aug. 31. We hear that the Count de Guignes, previous to his Departure, ſent a very polite Letter to the Earl of Suffolk at his Office, informing him thereof, with many polite Excuſes for his not taking leave of his Majeſty, in the uſual Way, but that he ſhould return again in a ſhort Time.

We are informed that the Spaniſh Court have offered the Fre[illegible] an extra Preſent of 2,000,000l. beſides the Loan of 3,000,000l. for Ten of her Third-rate Ships of War.

On Wedneſday Night the Right Honourable the Earl of Harcourt, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of France, arrived in Town from Paris; his Lordſhip was on Thurſday at the Court at St. James's, and afterwards had a Conference with the King.

A Ship arrived from Davis's Straits this Seaſon brings Advice, that ſhe ſailed ſo far up to the Pole that the Magnetic Compaſs had no Power, and that ſhe then came into an open, broad, calm Sea, where there was not the leaſt Appearance of Ice or Land.

Sept. 2. Notwithſtanding the complaiſant Letter ſent by the French Ambaſſador to the Secretaries of State, with Reaſons aſſigned for his ſudden Departure without taking leave, we are informed the ſame is far from being ſatisfactory, and that there is ſomething myſterious in the Affair, which at preſent they cannot Diſcover.

It is ſaid that a patriotic Commoner intends, at the opening of the Parliament, to make a Motion for annihilating moſt of the military Governments in England, which will be a prodigious ſaving to the Nation, as great Salaries are annexed to moſt of them, and enjoyed by Governors, who, ſo far from reſiding there, ſeldom or ever ſee the inſide of the Garriſons.

A private Letter from Madrid mentions, that his Catholick Majeſty had juſt made ſeveral military Promotions in the Army, that his Majeſty had alſo ordered the Expences of his Houſhold to be greatly diminiſhed; it is further added, that they continued ſending from the Ports in that Kingdom Troops and warlike Stores to their American Settlements.

It may be depended on, that the Miniſtry have hitherto uſed every Means in their Power to prevent a Diſcovery of the Authors of the late Fire at Portſmouth Dock-Yard, fearing that on ſuch Diſcovery they muſt reſent the Conduct of our *good Friends* the French; when they would be no longer able to keep their Places, but muſt make room for thoſe who have the Confidence of the People, as ſuch Miniſters only can raiſe the proper Supplies to carry on a War with Vigour. L——d S————k, lately in publick, threw out an Inſinuation, that Dudley, now in Confinement, had no Concern in the Conflagration; but that he was employed by the Lord Mayor and Mr. Wilkes to propagate ſuch Report, in order to raiſe a Diſturbance in the Kingdom. Whether any Faith is to be placed in the Declaration of the *proteſting* L—d, the publick will determine.

On Saturday Stocks fell conſiderably, owing to ſome important Intelligence relative to the late Fire at Portſmouth, and it is expected they will fall Ten per Cent. this Day or To-morrow.

Friday one Britain, confined in Reading Jail on the Information of Mr. Dudley, ſent a Letter to a great Perſon in the Miniſtry, defying him, it is ſaid, to bring him to Juſtice; and ſaying, he does not in the leaſt deny his being concerned in ſetting Fire to Portſmouth Dock-Yard, but he did it through Want of Bread; and that ſeveral Perſons were concerned in it, whoſe Influence will be ſufficient to prevent any Enquiry.

Sept. 3. We are aſſured, that the true Cauſe of the Count de Guigne's very haſty Departure from this Kingdom was, that he had received certain Information from his Court, that a Diſcovery would inevitably be ſoon made of the Court's being privy to, and concerned in, the late Conflagration in Portſmouth Dock-Yard, when his perſonal Safety would be endangered, as in ſuch Caſe his Privilege as Ambaſſador, by the Law of Nations, would not protect him.

The Earl of Cheſterfield, we hear, had an Audience upon national Affairs with a great Perſonage privately at Richmond in the Courſe of laſt Week, the Reſult of which is impatiently expected by the Publick.

Orders are ſaid to be ſent to Ireland for all the Regiments on that Eſtabliſhment to be made up to their full Complement of Men; Five private Men and a Sergeant are to be added to each Company.

The following is ſaid to be a true State of the Affairs of the Eaſt-India Company at home, chiefly taken from an Eſtimate lately made up to next Month; by this it appears, that, after the Company have paid off every Debt which is due, there will be a Balance in the Treaſury of 120,000l. That there are in their Warehouſes Goods unſold, which came by the Ships of laſt Year, to the Value of 1,500,000. The Cargoes of the 18 Ships which have arrived this Year, may be eſtimated to near 2,300,000, and there are 14 Ships which are daily expected; the Cargoes of which may be computed at 1,500,000l. which ſeems together to amount to 5,500,000l. In this general State no Notice is taken of the Value of the Cargoes of the 37 Ships which ſailed laſt Seaſon, and not yet all arrived in India, nor of the Goods which are already provided in India and in China, for lading them for their homeward Voyages.

The French Court are ſaid to have leſſened their Forces by Land only in order to be the more formidable at Sea.

We hear that a very rich Widow Lady has fell in Love with General Paoli, and that it will be his Fault if Matrimony is not the Conſequence.

Sept. 5 Thurſday the Lord Mayor entertained —— Sutton, Eſq; Secretary to the Earl of Rochford, at the Manſion-Houſe; ſome Time after Dinner, the Man who is confined in a Spunging Houſe in Wood-Street, and has made ſome Diſcoveries relative to the Fire in the Dock-Yard, at Portſmouth, was ſent for and examined before his Lordſhip, Aldermen Trecothick and Kennet. It was expected to be late before the Examination would be finiſhed. It was reported the Man had ſignified that he expects 600l. on giving full Evidence in the Affair.—The whole Depoſitions have been ſent to the Secretaries of State.

Sept. 7. The Examination of the Perſon on Thurſday Night, relative to the Fire in Portſmouth Dock-Yard, before the Lord Mayor, Aldermen Trecothick and Kennet, at which was preſent the Secretary to the Earl of Rochford, laſted a conſiderable Time, but the Man made no Diſcoveries of any Conſequence; he aſſerted that he was blindfolded and led to the Place by a certain Capt. whom he could produce if he was ſent to Portſmouth: He was told if he had any Diſcoveries to make, by which the Affair could be brought to light, ſo that the Perſons concerned might be convicted thereof, he ſhould not only be admitted as Evidence, but have all his Debts paid, which, it is ſaid, amount to near 1000l. He replied that he expected ſomething more; but he was informed that his Requeſt could not then be poſitively granted. He gave no very ſatisfactory Anſwers to any of the Queſtions aſked him; upon which the Lord Mayor ordered him into another Room, with the Officer in whoſe Cuſtody he was, till his Lordſhip and the Gentlemen above mentioned had conſulted how they ſhould proceed in the Buſineſs. In the mean Time he was allowed ſome Wine in the Room to which he was ſent, where he drank plentifully, and ſmoaked his Pipe, till 10 o'Clock at Night; By which Time every Thing being ſettled with Regard to the Debt he was arreſted for, and alſo what he had contracted in the Spunging-Houſe for eating, drinking, &c. which Score it is ſaid amounted to about 20l. a Meſſenger with his Aſſiſtant came and took him from the Manſion-Houſe, and ſet off immediately with him

at Portsmouth, to see if he can make the Discoveries there which he has asserted he can.

Extract of a Letter from Acre in Syria, June 6.

"A Courier arrived here this Morning from Ali Bey's Army, to bring the Cherk Daher Advice of the Defeat of the Turkish Army, which defended Damascus, consisting by some Accounts of 12,000 Men, and by others of 14,000. The Three Pachas who commanded them sallied out in the Morning of the 4th inst. Ali Bey's Troops immediately attacked them Sabre in Hand, and routed the whole Army after a feeble Resistance. The Pacha of Tripoli was thrown from his Horse by a mortal Wound he received in his Thigh. This Account was sent by Ali Daher to the Cherk Daher his Father from the Field of Battle. He adds, that the victorious Army is preparing to enter Damascus; this Town lies open, and its Castle, which was built by the Califfs, is not able to hold out long."

GLASGOW, *September* 10.

Extract of a Letter from London, September 10.

"Advices from Warsaw by this Day's Mail, inform, that the Russians are in actual Possession of all the Fortresses and Ports belonging to the Crimea, and of the Island of Taman. The Sultan Selim Ostry hath likewise submitted to the Empire of Russia, and sent Two of his Sons, with 48 Deputies from Tartary to Petersburg, to take the Oaths, and to do Homage to her Imperial Majesty. This Intelligence is so authentick, that even the Confederates do not doubt it."

"Letters from Petersburg of the 4th ult. give an Account, that Lieutenant General Tottleben has lately arrived there from Asia, and has been most graciously received by her Imperial Majesty. This General has, in the Space of Two Campaigns, and with a small Army, not only subjected to the Empire of Russia, the Kingdom of Georgia, Mingrelia and Ghuria, but taken Possession of almost all the Ottoman Fortresses, even to Trieverahd, ravaged the Country, and carried off large Quantities of Artillery."

CHARLESTOWN, (*South-Carolina*) *October* 8.

We hear from Newbern, in North-Carolina, that his Excellency Governor Martin, has had the Misfortune to bury one of his Children and his Nephew since his Arrival in that Province; and that he and his Lady having been very ill, were gone to Core-Sound, for the Recovery of their Health.

Oct. 10. On Tuesday last Dr. Haly, who was concerned in the unfortunate Affair, which occasioned the Death Mr. De Lancey on the 13th of last August, voluntarily surrendered himself, to take his Trial at the ensuing Assizes, which will begin to be holden here on Monday the 21st instant.

BOSTON, *October* 21.

The Beaver Man of War sailed last Monday for Newport, to take the Spanish Register Ship, said to have put in there in Distress, under her Care. But we since learn that the Spanish Ship has got into New-London Harbour.

PROVIDENCE, *October* 19.

The Spanish Register Ship that arrived off Block-Island last Week in Distress, has put into New-London to refit; and on Monday last the Beaver Man of War sailed from Boston to protect her.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 21.

Capt. Sampson Hervey, from Lisbon, informs, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, attended by General Harrys and Col. Desaguliers, with a very grand Retinue, arrived at Lisbon the 28th of August, after a Passage of 18 Days, in his Britannic Majesty's Frigate the Venus. His Royal Highness was received at the Court of Portugal with all the Distinction due to his exalted Rank; and was conducted ashore in his most faithful Majesty's Barge to the old Queen's Palace, which had been previously fitted up for his Reception in the most superb Manner.

Extract of a Letter from St. Eustatia, dated Sept. 26, 1772.

"Last Week we had a hard Gale of Wind from the N. W. at first, then shifted to S. W. and S. S. W. which obliged all the Burthen to slip their Cables and put to Sea. A Sloop loaded with Fish and Flour, belonging to Nestown in Maryland, was drove ashore; the Vessel is lost, but Part of her Cargo will be saved. At Sandy-Point Three small Craft were drove ashore, and One in Bullstone, and a Sloop at St. Martin's is all the Damage we have heard of."

By Letters &c. from the Bay of Honduras, we learn, that there is, and like to continue, a great Famine in that Country, the Locust having over-spread the Country in such a Manner, that they have eat up every green Thing; and it is said in some Parts that they lay on the Ground a Foot thick. At Amber-greese, it is said, that 27,000 Indians had died for Want, and in other Parts of the Country Thousands were dead and dying, so that it was computed that upwards of 80,000 Indians had died with Famine when the last Account came away.——Provisions were very scarce at our Settlements at the Bay, so that many Vessels sailed from thence with very short Allowance; the Famine is also very great among the Spaniards, they having sent to Honduras for Flour.

ANAPOLIS, [illegible]

Mr. *William Ringgold*, of *Eastern Neck*, is elected a Representative for Kent County, in the Room of the late Mr. *Stephen Bordley*.

* * * *The Declaration made by the Printers of this Gazette in* No. 1840, *they imagined, would have sufficiently convinced every Reader, that they were not attached to any Party; yet, as Reports have been industriously propagated, with an Intent to injure them with the Public, the Author of the following Piece is called upon, as a Piece of Justice to them, to insert it.*

Alind quod eruditis non immeritò fortassè objicitur Artium hujusmodi est, quod honori aut emolumento patriarum suarum aut dominiorum propriarum fortunas aut præsidia posponerunt. BACON de Augmentis Scientiarum.

THE liberal Institution of Youth ever has been deemed in all well regulated Communities an Object of the most momentous Concern. A very considerable Portion of publick and private Prosperity and Happiness depends on the Degree of Attention bestowed upon it; those Sentiments with which the Mind is imbued in that early Season when it is best disposed to receive the Tincture, continuing, with very few Exceptions, to mark its Colour when left to exert itself either in the conspicuous Scene of Business and Action, or in the calm sequestered Vale of Retirement and learned Leisure. It were needless to point out the many Instances in which Men of Letters have braved the Torments and Horrors of the Rack and Dungeon, in Defence of the civil and philosophical Liberties of Mankind. History shall ancient and modern furnishes us with many illustrious Examples of Countries snatched from impending Slavery and Ruin by the pure unsullied Efforts of Wit and Learning, when every other Species of Resistance would but have hastened the Crisis, and aggravated the Horrors of their Fate. Nothing but an intimate Acquaintance with the numerous Benefits which have unhappily flowed from a right Cultivation of that Principle by which alone we claim a Superiority over the Brute Creation, could have inspired that glorious Enthusiasm which distinguished the triumphant Advocates for the Appropriation of £. 1600 to be raised by Loan to the Purpose of establishing a Seminary of Learning in this Province. May their Names rise in golden Characters in the Front of that Fabrick, the Corner Stone of which they have laid with such holy Zeal. May some future Bard, the proper Growth of this Seed-Plot, rich in Genius, rich in the Spoils of Antiquity, offer up to their Memories with a grateful Soul

Incense kindled at the Muses Shrine.

It is a Remark made by all sensible and candid Foreigners, who have had Opportunities of observing the Characters of our Natives, that they are not inferior either in Vigour or Vivacity of Genius to those of any Country they have visited; that there are Seeds in their Composition which, if tenderly and carefully fostered, cannot fail to produce Competitors for either Laurel worth the contending with.

And the strong Force of Truth has within these few Years extorted a Confession even from bigotted prejudiced *Englishmen*, that they have given some Monuments of a Perseverance and Discretion—WORTHY THEIR FROWNING AT, and I trust that there is yet treasured up in the Womb of Time a bright Succession of Events which shall prove what their own *Shakespeare* has said of his *Britons* to be equally applicable to them.

That their DISCIPLINES,
Now mingled with their Courages, will make known
To their Approvers, they are People such
THAT MEND UPON THE WORLD.

What a sensible, what a cordial Satisfaction must it impart to every fond Parent, that the long wished for Prospect of educating his Offspring as it were immediately under his own Inspection is now opened to him; that he may now with a greedy Ear devour the pleasing Tale of his vigorous and successful Prosecutions of his Studies, unallayed by any anxious Suspicion that his partial Credulity is but beguiled into a Belief of what is in Reality no other than the Report of the superficial and injudicious, or an Artifice contrived to drain his Substance, accumulated amidst Dust, Sweat and Watching, and waste it on a Spendthrift, whose highest Point of Ambition it is to lead in Vice and Debauchery, and,

With Licence of free Foot to catch
All the embossed Sores and headed Evils—

which an uncontrolled Impetuosity in a DISTANT CLIME must expose him to; that he has now no Cause to dread that his Affections will be estranged from his Kindred and his native Country by foreign Attachments and Habits, the fatal, the inevitable Consequence of a long Residence abroad; that if from an erroneous Predilection he has destined the unworthy or indocile to one of the learned Professions, as the future Support and Ornament of his Family, he may, ere it be too late, transfer that Choice on which so much depends to an Object formed of finer Materials and more likely to repay the Pain and Charge of his training, and who, instead of rising his aged Heart with the Pangs and Agonies of disappointed Hope, will gild the Evening of his Life with Comfort, and fondly him against the Approach of that Hour when the Guardianship of every darling Connexion and Dependency shall but pass by a quick and natural Transition to a Protector every Way qualified to supply his Departure, and discharge his dearest Offices.

Whilst the Question respecting the most equitable and convenient Mode of establishing a Fund for the Maintenance of a College was agitating, many ingenious Arguments were urged in Support of that Mode which was the Issue adopted by a considerable Majority. It was contended by those who opposed this Bill, with the same keen Spirit of Hostility that *Mr. Hobbes*, the renowned and acute Disputant in Favour of Tyranny, and Arch-hating of Antiquity, breathes in his *Leviathan* against the Doctrines inculcated in the *Greek* and *Roman* Schools, that it was to be rejected, as imposing a Tax, the Produce of which is to support the indigent, for the sole Advantage of the opulent, which does not seem Mr. *William Penn* that would have been Heresy in a Lord Chief Justice in his twighland Days. Those, indeed, who are to be a Tax

whole Debate, had taken an enlarged View of the Subject, and hinted it as his Opinion, that this Institution bid the fairest to produce its genuine Fruits, if the first Rudiments of Education were acquired in the Schools publick and private dispersed throughout the Province, and the last Finish given at the College, provided able Instructors in every Branch of moral and physical Science. It is with the profoundest Humility and Diffidence that I would deliver any Sentiments on a Subject of so high and delicate a Nature, but my judgment does not suggest to me any competent Objection why this Route may not be the most eligible in whatever Point of Light it is viewed. But whether this Plan, after a mature and dispassionate Deliberation, shall be adopted, or the whole Business of Education, from the Grammar to those Studies which form the useful Citizen and compleat the Gentleman, shall be appointed to be begun and closed here, it would seem that those to whose Wisdom and Virtue it shall be committed to compose a System of Laws for the Government of this rising Seminary, cannot keep too constantly before them the indispensible Necessity of a rigid Discipline to be enforced with the severest Impartiality, without the least Mixture either of Favour or Dread of Influence. A dry healthy Situation, and its Consequence a salubrious Air, cannot possibly be more essential to the Health of the Pupil than a well digested Discipline to his Proficiency in the literary Pursuits. *Parentis abstinentiam digni sunt quia volunt liberos sues se vivere leges proficere*, says *Plutarch*, who was no less a Man of the World than of Books, and Experience seems to put it beyond a Controversy, however the great Authorities of *India* and *Spartan* may be advanced in Opposition, that my young Master, until he attain to a certain Stage, is best kept to his Duty either by the Terror or actual Application of corporal Correction; and I cannot but think that *Horace*, the *Romane fulcen lyræ*, was bound to acknowledge himself under the greatest Obligations to his old Master *Orbilius*, to whom he humourously gives the Epithet PLAGOSUS, for while FORMINE HAND if it had not been, he would scarcely ever have struck his aspiring Head against the Stars, or become the Darling, the familiar Friend of the great Master of the World.

Did not the ornamental Parts of Education, the Facility of every Species of Accommodation, with a Thousand other important Circumstances, conspire to render the Necessity of founding every University or College on an extensive Plan in some flourishing City or Town clear and obvious, the Examples of ancient *Greece* and *Rome*, as well as those of almost all the modern *European* States and Kingdoms, where Learning, Politeness, and as a characteristick Temperance of Manners flourish, would be sufficient to determine us in that Point. In Cities and Towns it must be acknowledged, that Pleasure has all her Ministers at work to decoy the heedless Novice, just emancipated from his Subjection to the *Furiæ* of *Orbilius* into the various Snares spread for his Destruction; that she has there her Cup tempered to every Appetite;

Prius erat pocula circum
Contingit mellis dulci flavescere liquore
Ut puerorum ætas improvida ludificetur.

But when the indelible Ignominy of a publick Expulsion, when a Degree of Disgrace suitable to each Delinquency shall be held forth to those who shall dare to insult or trample upon the irreversible Decrees of their *Alma Mater*, when the severest Animadversion shall be denounced against all such as shall be seen haunting either Taverns or Coffee-houses, when the Students shall be compelled to give within their own Walls those Hours to Repose which Nature asks to recruit her Vigour wasted by Application, when the glittering Prize of Honour shall be proposed to inflame them with Emulation, to excite them to stretch every Nerve in the Struggle for literary Fame, when their publick anniversary Exercises shall be performed before numerous and judicious Auditories, we shall hear of no Bacchanalian Feast, no nocturnal Orgies, no

Lords of the Street and Terrors of the Way.

Every reasonable Parent must cease to shudder either for the Health and Morals of his growing Heir, and all the Throbbings of his Heart be at Peace.

If my crude and hasty Suggestions should engage any Man of Talents in the Discussion of a Subject worthy the wisest and the best, I shall challenge the Merit of having laid my Country under an Obligation that will not quickly pass away. For it is my most fervent Prayer that this fair Sun of Science, which has at length emerged out of that dark brooding Night in which it has been so long involved, may travel on to its Meridian Altitude, unshorn of a single Beam, invigorating every Principle of Virtue, and expanding every Flower of Genius with its warmest kindliest Influence.

AB. LIB.

This Day PUBLISHED, and SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

POOR ROBERT IMPROVED:

AN

ALMANACK AND EPHEMERIS

For the Year of our LORD 1772.

By ROBERT COCKBURN, Teacher of the MATHEMATICKS.

TO be sold at publick Sale, at the Subscriber's [illegible] in *Pennsbury Neck, Charles County*, a Parcel of Negroes, chiefly Country born, consisting of Men, Women and Children, also Household Furniture, Sea Cloths, &c. four Months Credit will be given, Bond and Security will be required.

ELIZABETH STODDERT.

Annapolis, Nov. 7, 1772.

The Subscriber intends to open an EVENING SCHOOL on Monday next, at the Free School in this City.

THOMAS BALLI

Anne-Arundel County, *November* 5, 1771.

WHEREAS I gave my Bond to *Casper Singer*, of *Lancaster* County, *Pennsylvania*, on the 6th Instant, for the Payment of 21 Pounds 14 Shillings Currency, for a certain *John Downer*; and as I look upon it, that the said *Downer* has been ill used, and that the above Sum is not justly due, I do therefore forewarn all Persons from taking any Assignment upon the same, as I will not pay it.

JOHN HOWARD.

Annapolis, Nov. 1st 1771.

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, some Time in *September* last, a forrel Horse, about Thirteen and an Half Hands high, with a small Blaze down his Face, trots and gallops. Whoever takes up the said Horse, and secures him, so that the Owner gets him again, shall receive 15*s.* for their Trouble.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

St. Mary's County, *October* 10, 1771.

COMMITED to my Custody as a Runaway, Negro JIM, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has on a brown Cloth Jacket, a striped Linsey and underneath, Osnaburg Shirt, Cruchs Trousers, a Felt Hat and old Shoes. His Master, if any, is desired to take him away and pay Charges to

JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Abraham Britain*, living on *Middle River, Lower Hundred, Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a bay Mare, about 13 Hands and a Half high, about 4 Years old last Spring, has no visible Marks or Brand, and appears to have been worked. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THere is at the Plantation of *George Steuart* Esq; near *South-River* Ferry, taken up as a Stray, a large bay Horse, about 15 Hands high, with a Star in his Forehead, a small white Spot about the Hoof of his off fore Foot, and also the same Mark on his near hind Foot, several Saddle Spots, and has no perceivable Brand; he appears to be a Carriage Horse, and is shod all Fours. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

BY Order of the Commissioners for the Sale of his Lordship's Manors and reserved Lands, will be exposed to Sale, to the highest Bidder, on Thursday the 14th Day of *November* next, at the Revenue Office in *Annapolis*, for ready Money or good *London* Bills of Exchange, the following Quantities of Land lying within the Manor of *Conococheague*, *viz.*

Limestone Hill and *Ezekiel's Inheritance*, containing together 533 Acres and an Half, on which are some valuable Improvements made by the late Mr. *George Ross*.

Level Plains and *Addition to Level Plains*, containing 364 Acres and a Quarter, the Lines of which run into the Reserve, but in his Lordship's Grant to the late *John Morton Jordan*, Esq; he excludes the above 897 Acres and Three Quarters as lying within the Manor, so that no Deficiency will arise by Means thereof.——The above Lands are subject to Leases for 21 Years, of which One-half the Term is yet unexpired.—The Situation and Soil are too well known to need any Recommendation.

JOHN CLAPHAM, Cl. Com.

Charles County, *October* 24, 1771.

TO be sold very reasonably, on good Security, and Credit given for Seven Years, on paying the Interest annually, or leased out for Twenty-one Years, the Two following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, a little above the Mouth of the Fifteen Miles Creek: The one called *Wallnut Level*, containing 285 Acres, on which is a good Log Dwelling-House, with a small Plantation cleared and fenced in. The other called *Dogwood Plain*, containing 263 Acres and an Half, a small Distance higher up the said Creek. From either of these Tracts an exceeding good Waggon Road may be made to the Country Road, which leads from *Frederick-Town* to *Fort Cumberland*; they are both well timbered and watered, and have Sufficiency of good Bottom for Meadows; the high Lands will produce fine Wheat: On and adjoining to these Tracts is a very extensive Range for Stock. These Tracts will be sold or leased together, or separately, as may best suit the Persons who take them; if leased, some Time will be allowed Rent free, as may be agreed on. Whoever is inclinable to treat about this Matter, may know the Terms, by applying to *Mr. John Hanson* at *Frederick-Town*, or to the Subscriber, living about Eight Miles below *Fifthatoway*.

(3w) SAMUEL HANSON.

October 31, 1771.

To be sold, at the Plantation where Mr. Richard Brooks *lived, in* Charles *County, near* Pile's *Warehouse, on the 1st Day of* December *next*,

A Parcel of choice Slaves, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, for Cash or Bills of Exchange on *London*, by

(tu) LEONARD BROOKE, Executor.

COMMITTED to my Custody as Runaways, a Negro Man and Woman, the Man calls himself George and the Woman *Moll*; both say they belong to Mr. *Robert Hard* of *Talbot* County. Their Master is desired to pay Charges and take them away.

MICHAEL THOMAS, Jun.
Sheriff of *Cecil* County.

Annapolis, October 31, 1771.

Just imported, in the Brothers, *Captain* Williamson, *from* London, *and will be sold by the Subscribers, at Mr.* Calvert's *old House, on the publick Circle, near the Market-House in* Annapolis, *wholesale and retail, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit*,

A Large Assortment and great Variety of *European* and *East-India* Goods, adapted to the different Seasons: And as ready Money is the best and surest Commodity to go to Market with, such as incline to deal with precious Cash, will, upon Trial, find it much to their Interest in transacting with

(tf) WALLACE, DAVIDSON and JOHNSON.

THOSE who have Claims against *John Schultze*, late of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to bring them in, and those who are indebted to him are desired to make immediate Payment to

THOMAS HARWOOD, jun.

Talbot County, *October* 28, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint whom it may concern, that the Term of Years which the Subscriber agreed to do Business for and on Account of *Samuel Robinson* of the City of *London*, is now expired; he is now ready to account with any Person or Persons properly and legally qualified by said *Samuel Robinson* and his Assignees, and deliver up all the Effects in his Hands, due to, and which upon settling may appear to belong to said *Samuel Robinson* or his Assigns.

PHILIP WEATHERALL.

Annapolis, October 22, 1771.

ALL Persons having Demands against *John Morton Jordan*, Esq; deceased, are desired to bring them in duly proved, that Provision may be made for Payment.—Those indebted to the said deceased, either on Bond, Note, or open Account, are desired to make immediate Payment, to prevent Suits being brought, which I shall be obliged to do, if Payments are delayed.

REUBIN MERIWETHER, Administrator of *John Morton Jordan*, with Respect to his Effects in this Province only (8w)

October 23, 1771.

Just imported, in the Industry, *Capt. Carcaud*; *in the* Exeter, *Capt.* Meader, *from* London; *and in the* Restoration, *Capt. Thomas, from* Bristol; *and will be sold on the most reasonable Terms, at their Store on the Dock, in* Annapolis, viz.

A Large and neat Assortment of *European* and *India* Goods, suitable to the Season: Amongst which there are fine and superfine Broad-Cloths, Napt Frizes, Bath Coatings, &c. and Trimmings to suit the Cloth; Rugs and Blankets; about 1000 Pounds Sterling worth of well assorted *Irish* Linens, which will be sold in Parcels, very low; Sail-Cloth No. 1 to 6; 3*d.* 4*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* 12*d.* 20*d.* 24*d.* 30*d.* and sheathing Nails; sheathing Paper; a few Casks of excellent bottled *Bristol* Beer; *Gloucestershire* Cheese; also Hyson and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, &c. &c.

(8w) THOMAS WILLIAMS and Co.

Hungers River, *October* 11, 1771.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

A SCHOONER, about 15 or 16 Months old, 34 Feet Keel Rabbit, 14 and a Half Beam, and 5 Feet Hold, and will, by Estimation, carry about 1400 Bushels; she is exceedingly well calculated for the *Carolina* Trade, as she does not draw more than 6 Feet when full laden.

JOHN BENNETT.

N. B. *Her Sails are little worse for Wear, having run only since the Spring past.* (3w)

To be sold at publick Vendue for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, on Thursday the 21st Day of November *next, at the House of Mrs.* Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *by Virtue of a Deed of Trust made to me for that Purpose, by* John Wilmot,

A Tract or Parcel of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, called *Dinah's-Fancy*, containing Two Hundred and Fifteen Acres.

(tf) THOMAS BUCHANAN.

I Have for Sale 4737 Acres of Land, situated as follows, *viz.* 750 Acres in *Prince-George's* County, within five Miles of *Bladensburg*, well watered, and plenty of Meadow Land on it——568 Acres in *Frederick* County, on *Seneca*, about 25 Miles from *George-Town*——300 Acres within 8 Miles of *Frederick-Town*, well watered and timbered ——2440 Acres in the Settlement of *Antietam*, and *Conococheague*, suitable for any Kind of Produce raised in this Province——and 737 Acres near Col. *Thomas Cresap's*, very rich, the most of it bottom Land. For Terms apply to *William Deakins*, junr. at *George-Town*, or the Subscriber

FRANCIS DEAKINS.

General Post-Office, *New-York, Jan.* 22, 1771.

HIS MAJESTY's Post-Master General, having (for the better facilitating of Correspondence between *Great Britain* and *America*) been pleased to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Stations between *Falmouth* and *New-York*; Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be closed at the Post Office in *New-York*, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the First Tuesday in every Month, and dispatched by a Packet the next Day for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the P. Post-Master General,

(12m) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

September 23, 1771.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber in *Anne-Arundel* County, are desired to pay their respective Debts to Mr. *Lancelot Jacobs*, at *Rigg-Point*, on or before the First Day of *November* next; and those that have Claims against him, are desired to leave them with the same Gentleman, in order that they may be paid. As I intend to leave the Parts, I wish to settle as soon as I can with the above Request.

(tf) JOHN WARREN.

Cambridge, *Dorchester County*, July 19, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint the Publick, and my kind Customers in particular, that I have lately furnished myself with as large and complete Assortment of *European*, *West-India* and Country Goods, which I will sell very reasonable for Cash, Wheat, Flaxseed, Corn, Pork, Staves, Plank and Feathers.

(tf) MICHAEL BURKE.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Sedwick*, living near the great Falls of *Potomack* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Chestnut Sorrel Mare branded on the near Thigh thus, ⅃, has a Switch Tail, is about 7 Years old, 12 Hands high, trots and gallops. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *Walter Kilham*, living near *Bladensburg* in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a small dark bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with some thing like S, has a switch Tail, and some Saddle Spots on each Side of the Back, paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 9 or 10 Years old. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

October 1, 1771.

WHEREAS Mr. *Jacob Sprigg*, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceased, did, by his Last Will and Testament, order all his Tract of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, called *The Addition to happy Choice*, containing 834 Acres, to be sold to the highest Bidder, for certain Purposes in said Will mentioned, Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday the 19th Day of *November* next, at the House of Mr. *Samuel Sewaringham*, in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, and at the Hour of Three o'Clock, the said Land will be exposed to Sale, agreeable to the said Will, for ready Sterling Cash, Current Money, or good *London* Bills of Exchange. The Land lies on *Little Monocacy*, in said County, and I am instructed to say it is well timbered and watered; a considerable Quantity of Meadow Ground, with a good Stream of Water for a Mill; the Soil fruitful and suitable to *Indian* Corn, Wheat or Tobacco, and the Title good. It will be sold in Lots, or the whole together, as it may be found most to the Advantage of the Estate. The Title may be known at any Time before, or on the Day of Sale, by applying to

(t.s.) WILLIAM T. WOOTTON, Executor.

October 5, 1771.

By the Committee of Grievances and Courts of Justice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Committee will attend every Day during this Session, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, in the Room adjoining the Ball-Room, in order to hear such Matters as may come properly before them.

Signed per Order of the Committee,

WILLIAM WRIGHT, Clk.

September 19, 1771.

To be sold at publick Vendue, on Tuesday the 19th of November *next, at the Subscriber's House, for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good* London *Bills of Exchange*,

SUNDRY white Servants who have near Four Years to serve, several likely young Negro Fellows, Horses, Mares, and Colts, Carts, Cart-wheels, some Houshold Furniture, and many other Articles. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock.

MARY DORSEY, Administratrix of CALEB, (ts) Son of RICHARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, on Sunday the 18th of *August* 1771, a Convict Servant Man named JOHN WORGAR, about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, round shouldered, has short black curled Hair, is of a dark Complexion, and talks very much like an *Irishman*: Had on an old Snuff coloured Broad-Cloth Jacket, a Cotton ditto, a Pair of Linen Breeches, Hempen Roll Trousers, Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, Check Shirt, Osnabrig and Irish Linen ditto; he took with him a Ruffia Drab Bed-tick. Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive Three Pounds if taken in the Province, if out of the Province Five Pounds, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

(w4) STEPHEN STEWARD.

BOLTING CLOTHS.

A COMPLEAT Assortment of superfine, fine, middling and coarse, lately imported, and will be sold as low as on the Continent, by *John Cruikshank*, in *Gay-street*, *Baltimore-Town*.

Those who are not compleat Judges as to the Quality of Cloth, may depend on being suited with such as will answer the End intended, both as to Quantity and Quality, when Bolts are wanted, how to alter them. Orders by Letter from distant Parts are supplied with Cloth and dispatch. (w12)

Also a few Pair of *Colegn* Millstones.

at Portsmouth, to see if he can make the Discoveries there which he has asserted he can.

Extract of a Letter from Acre in Syria, June 6.

"A Courier arrived here this Morning from Ali Bey's Army, to bring the Cherk Daher Advice of the Defeat of the Turkish Army, which defended Damascus, consisting by some Accounts of 11,000 Men, and by others of 24,000. The Three Pachas who commanded them sallied out in the Morning of the 4th Inst. Ali Bey's Troops immediately attacked them Sabre in Hand, and routed the whole Army after a feeble Resistance. The Pacha of Tripoli was thrown from his Horse by a mortal Wound he received in his Thigh. This Account was sent by Ali Daher to the Cherk Daher his Father from the Field of Battle. He adds, that the victorious Army is preparing to enter Damascus; this Town lies open, and its Castle, which was built by the Califfs, is not able to hold out long."

GLASGOW, *September* 18.

Extract of a Letter from London, September 10.

"Advices from Warsaw by this Day's Mail, inform, that the Russians are in actual Possession of all the Fortresses and Ports belonging to the Crimea, and of the Island of Taman. The Sultan Selim Gueray hath likewise submitted to the Empire of Russia, and hath sent Two of his Sons, with 48 Deputies from Tartary to Petersburg, to take the Oaths, and to do Homage to her Imperial Majesty. This Intelligence is so authentick, that even the Confederates do not doubt it."

Letters from Petersburg of the 9th ult. give an Account, that Lieutenant General Tottleben has lately arrived there from Asia, and has been most graciously received by her Imperial Majesty. This General has, in the Space of Two Campaigns, and with a small Army, not only subjected to the Empire of Russia, the Kingdom of Georgia, Mingrelia and Ghurja, but taken Possession of almost all the Ottoman Fortresses, even to Trapezund, ravaged the Country, and carried off large Quantities of Artillery."

CHARLESTOWN, (*South-Carolina*) *October* 8.

We hear from Newbern, in North-Carolina, that his Excellency Governor Martin, has had the Misfortune to bury one of his Children and his Nephew since his Arrival in that Province; and that he and his Lady having been very ill, were gone to Core-Sound, for the Recovery of their Health.

Oct. 10. On Tuesday last Dr. Haly, who was concerned in the unfortunate Affair, which occasioned the Death Mr. De Lancey on the 15th of last August, voluntarily surrendered himself, to take his Trial at the ensuing Assizes, which will begin to be holden here on Monday the 21st instant.

BOSTON, *October* 21.

The Beaver Man of War sailed last Monday for Newport, to take the Spanish Register Ship, said to have put in there in Distress, under her Care. But we since learn that the Spanish Ship has got into New-London Harbour.

PROVIDENCE, *October* 19.

The Spanish Register Ship that arrived off Block-Island last Week in Distress, has put into New-London to refit; and on Monday last the Beaver Man of War sailed from Boston to protect her.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 28.

Capt. Sampson Hervey, from Lisbon, informs, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, attended by General Hervey and Col. Desaguliers, with a very grand Retinue, arrived at Lisbon the 28th of August, after a Passage of 18 Days, in his Britannic Majesty's Frigate the Venus. His Royal Highness was received at the Court of Portugal with all the Distinction due to his exalted Rank; and was conducted ashore in his most faithful Majesty's Barge to the old Queen's Palace, which had been previously fitted up for his Reception in the most superb Manner.

Extract of a Letter from St. Eustatia, dated Sept. 26, 1771.

"Last Week we had a hard Gale of Wind from the N. W. at first, then shifted to S. W. and S. S. W. which obliged all the Dutchmen to slip their Cables and put to Sea; a Sloop loaded with Fish and Flour, belonging to Newtown in Maryland, was drove ashore, the Vessel is lost, but Part of her Cargo will be saved. At Sandy-Point Three small Craft were drove ashore, and One at Basseterre, and a Sloop at St. Martin's; is all the Damage we have heard of."

By Letters, &c. from the Bay of Honduras, we learn, that there is, and like to continue, a great Famine in that Country, the Locust having overspread the Country in such a Manner, that they have eat up every green Thing; and it is said in some Parts that they lay on the Ground a Foot thick. At Ambergrease, it is said, that 27,000 Indians had died for Want, and in other Parts of the Country Thousands were dead and dying, so that it was computed that upwards of 80,000 Indians had died with Famine when the last Accounts came away.——Provisions were very scarce at our Settlements at the Bay, so that many Vessels sailed from thence with very short Allowance. The Famine is also very great among the Spaniards, they having sent to Honduras for Flour.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 7.

Mr. *William Ringgold*, of *Eastern Neck*, is elected a Representative for *Kent* County, in the Room of the late Mr. *Stephen Bordley*.

* * *The Declaration made by the Printers of this Gazette, in No.* 1840, *they imagined, would have sufficiently evinced, even to their Enemies, that they were not attached to any Party; yet a Report having been industriously propagated, with a View, they conceive, to injure them with the Publick, the Author of Another, of such Report are called upon to produce a single Instance of their Partiality, which they hereby engage themselves to insert GRATIS. Pieces brought for the Benefit, free from personal Abuse, and which may be entertaining, are gratefully acknowledged; but unless ever they shall appear, the Boundaries of Decency, or be replete with personal Invectives, the Author must not look to see his Name.*

Aliud quod eruditis non inmerito fortasse objicitur vitium hujusmodi est, quod honori aut emolumento patriarum suarum aut dominiorum propriarum fortunas aut præsidia postposuerunt. BACON de Augmentis Scientiarum.

THE liberal Institution of Youth ever has been deemed in all well regulated Communities an Object of the most momentous Concern. A very considerable Portion of publick and private Prosperity and Happiness depends on the Degree of Attention bestowed upon it; those Sentiments with which the Mind is imbued in that early Season when it is best disposed to receive the Tincture, continuing, with very few Exceptions, to mark its Colour when left to exert itself either in the conspicuous Scene of Business and Action, or in the calm sequestered Vale of Retirement and learned Leisure. It were needless to point out the many Instances in which Men of Letters have braved the Torments and Horrors of the Rack and Dungeon, in Defence of the civil and philosophical Liberties of Mankind. History both ancient and modern furnishes us with many illustrious Examples of Countries snatched from impending Slavery and Ruin by the pure unassisted Efforts of Wit and Learning, when every other Species of Resistance would but have fostered the Crisis, and aggravated the Horrors of their Fate. Nothing but an intimate Acquaintance with the numerous Benefits which have unfoldingly flowed from a right Cultivation of that Principle by which alone we claim a Superiority over the Brute Creation, could have inspired that glorious Enthusiasm which distinguished the triumphant Advocates for the Appropriation of £. 1600 to be raised by Loan to the Purpose of establishing a Seminary of Learning in this Province. May their Names rise in golden Characters in the Front of that Fabrick, the Corner Stone of which they have laid with such holy Zeal. May some future Bard, the proper Growth of this Seed-Plot, rich in Genius, rich in the Spoils of Antiquity, offer up to their Memories with a grateful Soul

Incense kindled at the Muses Shrine.

It is a Remark made by all sensible and candid Foreigners, who have had Opportunities of observing the Characters of our Natives, that they are not inferior either in Vigour or Vivacity of Genius to those of any Country they have visited; that there are Seeds in their Composition which, if tenderly and carefully fostered, cannot fail to produce Competitors for either Laurel worth the contending with.

And the strong Force of Truth has within these few Years extorted a Confession even from bigotted prejudiced *Englishmen*, that they have given some Monuments of a Perseverance and Discretion—WORTHY THEIR FROWNING AT, and I trust that there is yet treasured up in the Womb of Time a bright Succession of Events which shall prove what their own *Shakespeare* has said of his *Britons* to be equally applicable to them.

That their DISCIPLINES,
Now mingled with their Courages, will make known
To their Approvers, they are People such
THAT MEND UPON THE WORLD.

What a sensible, what a cordial Satisfaction must it impart to every fond Parent, that the long wished for Prospect of educating his Offspring as it were immediately under his own Inspection is now opened to him; that he may now with a greedy Ear devour the pleasing Tale of his vigorous and successful Prosecutions of his Studies, unallayed by any anxious Suspicion that his partial Credulity is but beguiled into a Belief of what is in Reality no other than the Report of the superficial and injudicious, or an Artifice contrived to drain his Substance, accumulated amidst Dust, Sweat and Watching, and waste it on a Spendthrift, whose highest Point of Ambition it is to lead in Vice and Debauchery, and,

With Licence of free Foot to catch
All the embossed Sores and headed Evils—

which an uncontrolled Impetuosity in a DISTANT CRIME must expose him to; that he has now no Cause to dread that his Affections will be estranged from his Kindred and his native Country by foreign Attachments and Habits, the fatal, the inevitable Consequence of a long Residence abroad; that if from an erroneous Predilection he has destined the unworthy or indocile to one of the learned Professions, as the future Support and Ornament of his Family, he may, ere it be too late, transfer that Choice on which so much depends to an Object formed of finer Materials and more likely to repay the Pain and Charge of his training, and who, instead of living his aged Heart with the Pangs and Agonies of disappointed Hope, will gild the Evening of his Life with Comfort, and fortify him against the Approach of that Hour when the Guardianship of every darling Connexion and Dependency shall but pass by a quick and natural Transition to a Protector every Way qualified to supply his Departure, and discharge his dearest Offices.

Whilst the Question respecting the most equitable and convenient Mode of establishing a Fund for the Maintenance of a College was agitating, many irrefragable Arguments were urged in Support of that Mode which was in the Issue adopted by a considerable Majority. It was contended by those who opposed this Bill, with the same keen Spirit of Hostility that *Mid. Hobbes*, the renowned and acute Disputant in Pavaunt of Tyranny, and Arch-enemy to Antiquity, breathes in his *Leviathan* against the Doctrines inculcated in the *Greek* and *Roman* Schools, that it was to be rejected, as imposing a Tax, the Pressure of which fell heaviest on the indigent; for the sole Advantage of the opulent, which drew from Mr. *Hollis* Breasts that would have done Honour to a Lord *Chesterfield* in his brightest Day. That admitting it to be a Tax, all other Impositions expended on the Conveniences would reconcile with Facility to the large Imposts of Luxury in Equipage, which most progenitors to the Shilling used to be Plenty, insomuch as that Description would of Tax the most indigenous that could possibly be devised, it was a Tax on the generous Spirit, which actuated him throughout the whole Debate, had taken an enlarged View of the Subject, and hinted it as his Opinion, that this Institution bid the fairest to produce its genuine Fruits, if the first Rudiments of Education were acquired in the Schools publick and private dispersed throughout the Province, and the last Finish given at the College, provided with able Instructors in every Branch of moral and physical Science. It is with the profoundest Humility and Diffidence that I would deliver any Sentiments on a Subject of so high and delicate a Nature, but my Judgment does not suggest to me any competent Objection why this Route may not be the most eligible in whatever Point of Light it is viewed. But whether this Plan, after a mature and dispassionate Deliberation, shall be adopted, or the whole Business of Education, from the Grammar to those Studies which form the useful Citizen and compleat the Gentleman, shall be appointed to be begun and closed here, it would seem that those to whose Wisdom and Virtue it shall be committed to compose a System of Laws for the Government of this rising Seminary, cannot keep too constantly before them the indispensible Necessity of a rigid Discipline to be enforced with the purest Impartiality, without the least Mixture either of Favour or Dread of Influence. A dry healthy Situation, and its Consequence, salubrious Air, cannot possibly be more essential to the Health of the Pupil than a well digested Discipline to his Proficiency in his literary Pursuits. *Parentes abjurgationes dignas sunt quia solunt liberos suos fe-verâ lege proficere*, says *Plautus*, who was no less a Man of the World than of Books, and Experience seems to put it beyond a Controversy, however the great Authorities of *Locke* and *Quintilian* may be advanced in Opposition, that my young Master, until he attain to a certain Stage, is best kept to his Duty either by the Terror of actual Application of corporal Correction; and I cannot but think, that *Horace*, the *Romanæ fidicen lyræ*, was bound to acknowledge himself under the greatest Obligations to his old Master *Orbilius*, to whom he humourously gives the Epithet PLAGOSUS, for whose FORMING HAND if it had not been, he would scarcely ever have struck his aspiring Head against the Stars, or become the Darling, the familiar Friend of the great Master of the World.

Did not the ornamental Parts of Education, the Facility of every Species of Accommodation, with a Thousand other important Circumstances, conspire to render the Necessity of founding every University or College on an extensive Plan in some flourishing City or Town clear and obvious, the Examples of ancient *Greece* and *Rome*, as well as those of almost all the modern *European* States and Kingdoms, where Learning, Politeness, and in a characteristick Temperance of Manners flourish, would be sufficient to determine us in that Point. In Cities and Towns it must be acknowledged, that Pleasure has all her Ministers at work to decoy the heedless Novice, just emancipated from his Subjection to the *Furiæ* & *Verberibus* into the various Snares spread for his Destruction, that she has there her Cup tempered to every Appetite.

Prius orat pocula circum
Contingit mellis dulci flavoque liquore
Ut puerorum ætas improvida ludificetur.

But when the indelible Ignominy of a publick Expulsion, when a Degree of Disgrace suitable to each Delinquency shall be held forth to those who shall dare to insult or trample upon the irreversible Decrees of their *Alma Mater*, when the severest Animadversion shall be denounced against all such as shall be seen haunting either Taverns or Coffee-houses, when the Students shall be compelled to give within their own Walls those Hours to Repose which Nature asks to recruit her Vigour wasted by Application, when the glittering Prize of Honour shall be proposed to inflame them with Emulation, to excite them to stretch every Nerve in the Struggle for literary Fame, when their publick anniversary Exercises shall be performed before numerous and judicious Auditories, we shall hear of no Bacchanalian Feast, no nocturnal Orgies, no

Lords of the Street and Terrors of the Way.

Every reasonable Parent must cease to shudder either for the Health and Morals of his growing Heir, and all the Throbbings of his Heart be at Peace.

If my crude and hasty Suggestions should engage any Man of Talents in the Discussion of a Subject worthy the wisest and the best, I shall challenge the Merit of having laid my Country under an Obligation that will not quickly pass away. For it is my most fervent Prayer that this fair Sun of Science, which has at length emerged out of that dark brooding Night in which it has been so long inveloped, may travel on to its Meridian Altitude, unshorn of a single Beam, invigorating every Principle of Virtue, and expanding every Flower of Genius with his warmest kindliest Influence.

ARIUS.

Just PUBLISHED, *and to be* SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,

POOR ROBERT IMPROVED:

BEING AN

ALMANACK AND EPHEMERIS

For the Year of our LORD 1772.

By ROBERT COCKBURN, Teacher of the MATHEMATICKS.

TO be sold at publick Sale, at the Subscriber's, in *Pomeaky-Neck*, *Charles* County, a Parcel of Negroes, chiefly Country born, consisting of Men, Women and Children, also Household Furniture, for Cash, or short Credit on giving Bond and Security if required.

ELIZABETH STODDERT.

Annapolis, Nov. 7, 1771.

THE Subscriber intends to open an EVENING SCHOOL on Monday next, at the Free-School in this City.

THOMAS BALL.

Anne-Arundel County, *November* 5, 1771.

WHEREAS I gave my Bond to *Caſpar Singer*, of *Lancaſter* County, *Pennſylvania*, on the 5th Inſtant, for the Payment of 21 Pounds 14 Shillings Currency, for a certain *John Downer*; and as I look upon it, that the ſaid *Downer* has been ill uſed, and that the above Sum is not juſtly due, I do therefore forewarn all Perſons from taking any Aſſignment upon the ſame, as I will not pay it.

JOHN HOWARD.

Annapolis, Nov. 5, 1771.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, ſome Time in *September* laſt, a ſorrel Horſe, about Thirteen and an Half Hands high, with a ſmall Blaze down his Face, trots and gallops. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and ſecures him, ſo that the Owner gets him again, ſhall receive 15*s.* for their Trouble.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

St. Mary's County, *October* 10, 1771.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody as a Runaway, Negro JIM, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has on a brown Cloth Jacket, a ſtriped Linſey one underneath, Oſnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trouſers, a Felt Hat and old Shoes. His Maſter, if any, is deſired to take him away and pay Charges to

JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Abraham Brittain*, living on *Middle River, Lower Hundred, Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a bay Mare, about 13 Hands and a Half high, about 4 Years old laſt Spring, has no viſible Marks or Brand, and appears to have been worked. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *George Steuart* Eſq; near *South-River* Ferry, taken up as a Stray, a large bay Horſe, about 15 Hands high, with a Star in his Forehead, a ſmall white Spot about the Hoof of his off fore Foot, and alſo the ſame Mark on his near hind Foot, ſeveral Saddle Spots, and has no perceivable Brand; he appears to be a Carriage Horſe, and is ſhod all Fours. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

BY Order of the Commiſſioners for the Sale of his Lordſhip's Manors and reſerved Lands, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt Bidder, on Thurſday the 14th Day of *November* next, at the Revenue Office in *Annapolis*, for ready Money or good *London* Bills of Exchange, the following Quantities of Land lying within the Manor of *Conococheague*, *viz.*

Limeſtone Hill and *Ezekiel's Inheritance*, containing together 533 Acres and an Half, on which are ſome valuable Improvements made by the late Mr. *George Roſs*.

Level Plains and *Addition to Level Plains*, containing 364 Acres and a Quarter, the Lines of which run into the Reſerve, but in his Lordſhip's Grant to the late *John Morton Jordan*, Eſq; he excludes the above 897 Acres and Three Quarters as lying within the Manor, ſo that no Deficiency will ariſe by Means thereof.——The above Lands are ſubject to Leaſes for 21 Years, of which One-half the Term is yet unexpired.—The Situation and Soil are too well known to need any Recommendation.

JOHN CLAPHAM, Cl. Com.

Charles County, *October* 24, 1771.

TO be ſold very reaſonably, on good Security, and Credit given for Seven Years, on paying the Intereſt annually, or leaſed out for Twenty-one Years, the Two following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, a little above the Mouth of the Fifteen Miles Creek: The one called *Wallnut Level*, containing 255 Acres, on which is a good Log Dwelling-Houſe, with a ſmall Plantation cleared and fenced in. The other called *Dogwood Plaint*, containing 263 Acres and an Half, a ſmall Diſtance higher up the ſaid Creek. From either of theſe Tracts an exceeding good Waggon Road may be made to the Country Road, which leads from *Frederick-Town* to *Fort Cumberland*; they are both well timbered and watered, and have Sufficiency of good Bottom for Meadows; the high Lands will produce fine Wheat: On and adjoining to theſe Tracts is a very extenſive Range for Stock. Theſe Tracts will be ſold or leaſed together, or ſeparately, as may beſt ſuit the Perſons who take them; if leaſed, ſome Time will be allowed Rent free, as may be agreed on. Whoever is inclinable to treat about this Matter, may know the Terms, by applying to Mr. *John Hanſon* at *Frederick-Town*, or to the Subſcriber, living about Eight Miles below *Piſcataway*.

(3w) SAMUEL HANSON.

October 31, 1771.

To be ſold, at the Plantation where Mr. Richard Brooke *lived, in* Charles *County, near* Pile's *Warehouſe, on the 2d Day of* December *next*,

A Parcel of choice Slaves, conſiſting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, for Caſh or Bills of Exchange on *London*, by

(ts) LEONARD BROOKE, Executor.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody as Runaways, a Negro Man and Woman; the Man calls himſelf *George*, and the Woman *Nan*; both ſay they belong to Mr. *Robert Hard* of *Talbot* County. Their Maſter is deſired to pay Charges and take them away.

RICHARD THOMAS,
Sheriff of *Cecil* County.

Annapolis, *October* 31, 1771.

Juſt imported, in the Brothers, *Captain* Williamſon, *from* London, *and will be ſold by the Subſcribers, at Mr.* Calvert's *old Houſe, on the publick Circle, near the Market-Houſe in* Annapolis, *wholeſale and retail, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit*,

A Large Aſſortment and great Variety of *European* and *Eaſt-India* Goods, adapted to the different Seaſons: And as ready Money is the beſt and ſureſt Commodity to go to Market with, ſuch as incline to deal with precious Caſh, will, upon Trial, find it much to their Intereſts in bartering with

(tf) WALLACE, DAVIDSON and JOHNSON.

THOSE who have Claims againſt *John Schneider*, late of *Annapolis*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in, and thoſe who are indebted to him are deſired to make immediate Payment to

THOMAS HARWOOD, jun.

Talbot County, *October* 28, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint whom it may concern, that the Term of Years which the Subſcriber agreed to do Buſineſs for and on Account of *Samuel Robinſon* of the City of *London*, is now expired; he is now ready to account with any Perſon or Perſons properly and legally qualified by ſaid *Samuel Robinſon* and his Aſſignees, and deliver up all the Effects in his Hands, due to, and which upon ſettling may appear to belong to ſaid *Samuel Robinſon* or his Aſſigns.

PHILIP WELTHERALL.

Annapolis, *October* 22, 1771.

ALL Perſons having Demands againſt *John Morton Jordan*, Eſq; deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in duly proved, that Proviſion may be made for Payment.—Thoſe indebted to the ſaid deceaſed, either on Bond, Note, or open Account, are deſired to make immediate Payment, to prevent Suits being brought, which I ſhall be obliged to do, if Payments are delayed.

REUBIN MERIWETHER, Adminiſtrator of *John Morton Jordan*, with Reſpect to his Effects in this Province only (8w)

October 23, 1771.

Juſt imported, in the Induſtry, *Capt. Carcaud*; *in the* Exeter, *Capt.* Meader, *from* London; *and in the* Reſtoration, *Capt. Thomas, from* Briſtol; *and will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store on the Dock, in* Annapolis, viz.

A Large and neat Aſſortment of *European* and *India* Goods, ſuitable to the Seaſon: Amongſt which there are fine and ſuperfine Broad-Cloths, Napt Frizes, Bath Coatings, *&c.* and Trimmings to ſuit the Cloth; Rugs and Blankets; about 1000 Pounds Sterling worth of well aſſorted *Iriſh* Linens, which will be ſold in Parcels, very low; Sail-Cloth No. 1 to 6; 3*d.* 4*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* 12*d.* 20*d* 24*d* 30*d.* and ſheathing Nails; ſheathing Paper; a few Caſks of excellent bottled *Briſtol* Beer; *Glouceſterſhire* Cheeſe; alſo Hyſon and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, *&c. &c.*

(5w) THOMAS WILLIAMS and Co.

Hungers River, *October* 11, 1771.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A SCHOONER, about 15 or 16 Months old, 34 Feet ſtrait Rabbit, 14 and a Half Beam, and 5 Feet Hold, and will, by Eſtimation, carry about 1400 Buſhels; ſhe is exceedingly well calculated for the *Carolina* Trade, as ſhe does not draw more than 6 Feet when full laden.

JOHN BENNETT.

N. B. *Her Sails are little worſe for Wear, having run only ſince the Spring paſt.* (3w)

To be ſold at publick Vendue for Caſh, or Bills of Exchange, on Thurſday the 21ſt Day of November *next, at the Houſe of Mrs.* Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *by Virtue of a Deed of Truſt made to me for that Purpoſe, by* John Wilmot,

A Tract or Parcel of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, called *Dinah's-Fancy*, containing Two Hundred and Fifteen Acres.

(tf) THOMAS BUCHANAN.

I Have for Sale 4727 Acres of Land, ſituated as follows, *viz.* 750 Acres in *Prince-George's* County, within five Miles of *Bladenſburg*, well watered, and plenty of Meadow Land on it——550 Acres in *Frederick* County, on *Seneca*, about 25 Miles from *George-Town*——300 Acres within 8 Miles of *Frederick-Town*, well watered and timbered ——2440 Acres in the Settlement of *Antietam*, and *Conecochegue*, ſuitable for any Kind of Produce raiſed in this Province——and 737 Acres near Col. *Thomas Creſap's*, very rich, the moſt of it bottom Land. For Terms apply to *William Deakins*, junr. at *George-Town*, or the Subſcriber

FRANCIS DEAKINS.

General Poſt-Office, *New-York*, *Jan.* 22, 1771.

HIS MAJESTY's Poſt-Maſter General, having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great-Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station between *Falmouth* and *New-York*: Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be cloſed at the Poſt Office in *New-York*, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the Firſt Tueſday in every Month, and diſpatched by a Packet the next Day for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſter General.

(12m) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

September 23, 1771.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber in *Anne-Arundel* County, are deſired to pay their reſpective Debts to Mr. *Lanſey Jabus*, at *Pigg-Point*, on or before the Firſt Day of *November* next; and thoſe that have Claims againſt him, are deſired to leave them with the ſame Gentleman, in order that they may be paid. As I intend to leave the Parts, I muſt intreat a Compliance with the above Requeſt.

(tf) JOHN WARREN.

Cambridge, *Dorcheſter County*, July 19, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint the Publick, and my kind Cuſtomers in particular, that I have lately furniſhed myſelf with a large and compleat Aſſortment of *European*, *Weſt-India* and Country Goods, which I will ſell very reaſonable for Caſh, Wheat, Flaxſeed, Corn, Pork, Staves, Plank and Feathers.

(tf) MICHAEL BURKE.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Scott*, living near the great Falls of *Patowmack* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Cheſtnut Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Thigh thus, I, has a Switch Tail, is about 3 Years old, 12 Hands high, trots and gallops. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *Walter Williams*, living near *Bladenſburg* in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall dark bay Horſe, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with ſomething like S, has a ſwitch Tail, and ſome Saddle Spots on each Side of his Back, paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 9 or 10 Years old. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

October 1, 1771.

WHEREAS Mr. *Jacob Sprigg*, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceaſed, did, by his Laſt Will and Teſtament, order all his Tract of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, called *The Addition to happy Choice*, containing 834 Acres, to be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, for certain Purpoſes in ſaid Will mentioned, Notice is hereby given, that on Wedneſday the 19th Day of *November* next, at the Houſe of Mr. *Samuel Swearingham*, in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, and at the Hour of Three o'Clock, the ſaid Land will be expoſed to Sale, agreeable to the ſaid Will, for ready Sterling Caſh, Current Money, or good *London* Bills of Exchange. The Land lies on *Little Monocacy*, in ſaid County, and I am inſtructed to ſay it is well timbered and watered; a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow Ground, with a good Stream of Water for a Mill; the Soil fruitful and ſuitable to *Indian* Corn, Wheat or Tobacco, and the Title good. It will be ſold in Lots, or the whole together, as it may be found moſt to the Advantage of the Eſtate. The Title may be known at any Time before, or on the Day of Sale, by applying to

(t.s) WILLIAM T. WOCTTON, Executor.

October 5, 1771.

By the Committee of Grievances and Courts of Juſtice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Committee will attend every Day during this Seſſion, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, in the Room adjoining the Ball-Room, in order to hear ſuch Matters as may come properly before them.

Signed per Order of the Committee,

WILLIAM WRIGHT, Clk.

September 19, 1771.

To be ſold at publick Vendue, on Tueſday the 19th *of* November *next, at the Subſcriber's Houſe, for ready Current Monty, Sterling Caſh, or good* London *Bills of Exchange*,

SUNDRY white Servants who have near Four Years to ſerve, ſeveral likely young Negro Fellows, Horſes, Mares, and Colts, Carts, Cart-wheels, ſome Houſhold Furniture, and many other Articles. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock.

(ts) MARY DORSEY, Adminiſtratrix of CALEB, Son of RICHARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, on Sunday the 18th of *Auguſt* 1771, a Convict Servant Man named JOHN WORGAR, about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, round ſhouldered, has ſhort black curled Hair, is of a dark Complexion, and talks very much like an *Iriſhman*: Had on an old Snuff coloured Broad-Cloth Jacket, a Cotton ditto, a Pair of Linen Breeches, Hempen Roll Trouſers, Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, Check Shirt, Oſnabrig and Iriſh Linen ditto; he took with him a Ruſſia Drab Bed-tick. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Jail, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive Three Pounds if taken in the Province, if out of the Province Five Pounds, and reaſonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

(w4) STEPHEN STEWARD.

BOLTING CLOTHS.

A COMPLEAT Aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling and coarſe, lately imported, and will be ſold as low as on the Continent, by *John Carathwait*, in *Gay-ſtreet*, *Baltimore-Town*.

Thoſe who are not compleat Judges as to the Quality of Cloths, may depend on being ſuited with ſuch as will anſwer the End intended, both as to Quantity and Quality, with Directions, if wanted, how to affix them. Orders by Letter from diſtant Parts are ſupplied with Care and Diſpatch (w12)

Alſo a few Pair of *Cologn* Millſtones.

POETS CORNER.

To Mr. PEALE, *on his painting Miss* HALLAM *in the Character of* Fedele *in* Cymbeline.

THE grand Design in *Grecian* Schools was taught,
Venetian Colours gave the Pictures Thought:
In thee, O PEALE, both Excellences join,
Venetian Colours, and the *Greeks* Design.
Thy Stile has match'd what ev'n the Antients knew,
Grand the Design, and as the Colouring true:
Purſue the Path thou haſt ſo well begun,
And ſecond be to Nature's eldeſt Son.
Shakeſpeare's immortal Scenes our Wonder raiſe,
And next to HIM thou claim'ſt our higheſt Praiſe.
When *Hallam* as *Fedele* comes diſtreſs'd,
Tears fill each Eye, and Paſſion heaves each Breaſt;
View with upliſted Eyes the charming Maid,
Prepar'd to enter, tho' ſhe ſeems afraid:
And ſee, to calm her Fears, and ſooth her Care,
Belarius, and the royal Boys appear.
Thy Pencil has ſo well the Scene convey'd,
Thought ſeems but an unneceſſary Aid:
How pleas'd we view the viſionary Scene,
The friendly Cave, the Rock and Mountain green:
Nature and Art are here at once combin'd,
And all *Elyſium* to one View confin'd.
Another Scene ſtill claims thy Pencil's Aid,
Storer in *Ariel*. Enchanting Maid!
Whoſe eaſy Nature every Grace affords,
And charms without the empty Pomp of Words;
The liſt'ning Ear on every Word intent,
Catches the Sound, and gueſſes what is meant.
" Her Name, the Boaſt of ev'ry tuneful Choir,
" Shall tremble on the Strings of ev'ry Lyre."
Accept, O PEALE, theſe friendly, artleſs Lays,
The Tribute, that a fond Admirer pays;
Unrivall'd as unmatch'd, be ſtill thy Fame,
And *Shakeſpeare*'s Scene; ſtill raiſe thy envy'd Name.

Port Tobacco, Charles County, *Sept.* 29, 1771.

THE Subſcriber has laid out a Plan of a Town by the Name of *Edenburg*, at *Chapel Point*, near the Mouth of *Port Tobacco* Creek, extending about Three Quarters of a Mile along the Creek and about 80 Perches from the Water Side, containing in all upwards of 100 Acres and 196 Lots, of which the Proprietor the Subſcriber retains 5, *viz.* Two Water and Three Inland Lots, which are diſtinguiſhed by the Letters G, H. The Plan is to be ſeen at the Clerk's Office at *Port Tobacco* on Wedneſdays and Saturdays, at Mr. *Francis Ware*'s, and at the Subſcriber's, at all which Places Tickets may be had ſigned and numbered by the Subſcriber. The Lots are to be drawn for by a publick Lottery in *Port-Tobacco*, on the 20th of *November*, in which the Number of the Lot, as marked in the Plan drawn againſt the Number of the Ticket, will entitle the Bearer thereof to the ſaid Lot; by which Method every Adventurer will have an equal Chance. The Conditions are, that Ten Pounds Currency be paid down on the Delivery of each Ticket, ſigned and numbered by the Subſcriber. If any Accident prevents the ſaid Lottery's being drawn at the above Time, each Adventurer, on returning his Ticket, ſhall have his Money refunded him. Item, if a marſhy Spot falls to any One's Lot that may be reaſonably Objected againſt, he ſhall likewiſe in that Caſe, on giving back his Ticket, have his Purchaſe Money returned him. A Fee ſimple ſhall be conveyed by Deed of the above Lots to the Purchaſers. The Lots not to be entered upon until *Chriſtmas* next, the whole of the Ground being now in Corn.

(t d.) GEORGE HUNTER.

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, *May* 27, 1771, living in *Mattington* Townſhip, *Salem* County, *Weſt New-Jerſey*, an *Iriſh* Servant Man, named RICHARD HANDLEY, about 20 Years of Age, wears his own fair Hair, 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, a likely well-ſet Fellow, ſtoops as he walks, ſpeaks in the *Iriſh* Dialect, and is remarkable for calling working Cattle *Oxen*: Had on, and took with him a Felt Hat, old Homeſpun Cloth Jacket of a lightiſh Colour, a fine Shirt, a Tow Cloth ditto, 2 Pair of Trouſers, one of Check Linen, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches, and Shoes tied with Striags; he may probably have a forged Paſs with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by me, JOHN ROBERTS.

Annapolis, June 19, 1771.

Juſt imported, in the Polly, *Capt.* John Keltye, *from* London, *and to be ſold by the Subſcriber, in* Church-Street, Annapolis, *Wholeſale and Retail, on the moſt reaſonable Terms,*

A Large and neat Aſſortment of *European* and *India* Goods, ſuitable to the different Seaſons.

THOMAS GASSAWAY, junr.

A conſiderable Difference will be made to thoſe who pay ready Caſh.

WANTED,

A CLERK in the PREROGATIVE-OFFICE, apply to

ELIE VALLETTE, Regiſter.

October 16, 1771.

Juſt imported, in the Liberty, *Capt.* Blackwell, *from* London, *and to be ſold by the Subſcribers, at their Store, in* Church-Street, *Annapolis, by Wholeſale or Retail,*

AN Aſſortment of Winter Goods, amongſt which are a Variety of ſuperfine faſhionable Clothes, and a few Pieces of genteel Silks.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr. &
(4w) JOHN BRICE.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. *Daniel Dulany*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, branded on the near Shoulder thus, C and on the Buttock thus, R; paces, trots and gallops, and is near 13 Hands high. The Owner may have her again by applying to *Greenbury Wilſon*, proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

October 6, 1771.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Fredericksburg, Virginia*, an indented Servant Man, by Trade a Tailor, named *John Driver*, ſometimes calls himſelf *Windſor Driver*, was born in the Weſt of *England*, he is about Five Feet Five Inches high, ſpeaks quick and ſhort, and of an effeminate Voice: Had on, when he went away, a brown Frock Coat with gilt Buttons, a light blue Pair of Breeches, a dark Bath Coating Waiſtcoat, brown Thread Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes, double ſtitched at the Eyes, a Felt Hat, bound with Tape, braſs Buckles not Fellows, a blue Silk Hankerchief ſpotted white, a Check Shirt, dark brown Hair commonly tied, has a dark Complexion, and a thin Viſage. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and lodges him in any of his Majeſty's Jails, ſo as his Maſter ſhall get him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings, and if brought home to his ſaid Maſter, Four Pounds, beſides what the Law allows, paid by me

(3w) JAMES NEWTON.

N. B. As he pretends to know a little of the Sea, this is therefore to forewarn all Maſters of Veſſels, on their Peril, not to carry ſaid Servant out of the Colony.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

October 22, 1771.

STOLEN the 7th Inſtant, at Night, out of the Paſture of the Subſcriber, living at the Head of *Cheſter* River, in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, a bay Horſe, about 15 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder thus IVS but not very plain; hath a Half Circle on his Forehead, with a ſmall crooked Blaze down his Face, is long dock'd, and appears a little like the Blood; paces and trots well. Whoever ſecures the Thief that he be brought to Juſtice, and the Horſe that the Owner gets him again, ſhall have the above Reward, or for the Horſe only Four Dollars and reaſonable Charges, paid, if brought Home, by JOHN VANSANT.

RAN away laſt June, from the Subſcriber, living in *Frederick* County, near the *Great Falls* of *Patowmack*, an *Engliſh* convict Servant Man, named JOSEPH JAMES, about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, and has worked at the Blackſmiths Trade about Three Years; his Cloaths are unknown; he was taken up in *Charles* County, but made his Eſcape. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him home, if in *Maryland*, Four Pounds, and if in *Virginia*, Six Pounds, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

(w3) NINIAN BEALL, Son of *Ninian*.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Forge near *Elk-Ridge Landing*, on the 9th of *September* laſt, a Servant Man, by Name JOHN WINTERS, he is about Five Feet Eight Inches high, Pock marked, bald headed, and about Forty-five Years old: Had on a Fearnought Jacket, coarſe Country Linen Shirt, Oſnabrig Trouſers, and a Felt Hat. He has ſerved Four Years, and pretends that he is a Freeman. He is a very complaiſant diſſembling Fellow. Whoever brings him to his Maſter, living near *Elk-Ridge* Church, *Anne-Arundel* County, or to *William Hammond*, at the Forge, ſhall receive Three Pounds, if within the Province, and if out, the above Reward, paid by EPHRAIM HOWARD.

N. B. He has taken with him ſome old Cloaths, in particular, an old Cloth Coat lined with red Flannel.

JAMES LOGAN, who not only has been regularly bred to the tailoring Trade in the moſt capital Houſe for that Buſineſs, in the City of *Cork*, but alſo worked for a conſiderable Time with much Applauſe, with moſt eminent Maſters in *England* and *Ireland*; has now opened Shop at the Houſe of Mr. *William Goldſmith*, Shoemaker, near the Town-Gate, *Annapolis*, where he intends carrying on his Trade in all it's various Branches; from a ſuperior Ability in his undertaking, and conſtant Adherence to the due Aſſiduity highly neceſſary in the Execution thereof, he flatters himſelf he will be able to give the utmoſt Satisfaction to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom. (tf)

To be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, on Monday the 18th *of* November, *purſuant to the Laſt Will and Teſtament of* Nicholas G. Ridgley, *at his late Dwelling-Houſe, for Sterling Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or current Money, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land,* viz.

THAT Tract whereon the deceaſed lived, lying in *Anne-Arundel* County, about 20 Miles from *Elk-Ridge Landing*, 25 Miles from *Bladenſburg*, and 30 from *George-Town*, containing upwards of 600 Acres, whereon is a Dwelling-Houſe with Three Rooms and Two Fire Places on the Lower Floor, and Two Rooms above, all finiſhed, a Kitchen, Store-houſe, Milk-houſe, Meat-houſe, Corn-houſe, Stables, and Three Tobacco-houſes almoſt new, covered with Shingles, about 20 Acres Meadow, fit for the Scythe, and as much more may be made with little Trouble, great Part thereof being already cut down, and may be watered at little Expence by a Stream that runs through it, Two large young Orchards, the Land is exceeding good and well timbered, the Plantation in good Order and will ſuit either Planter or Farmer; on the ſame Tract is a good Brick Houſe lately built, and a Kitchen very convenient for a Tenant. One other Tract containing about 266 Acres, lying about 4 Miles from the above, whereon is a Dwelling-houſe, Corn-houſe and Tobacco-houſes, in good Repair. The Land is rich and well timbered, and the Plantation in good Order for cropping, the greateſt Part being freſh. One other Tract, lying about 3 Miles from the firſt mentioned Plantation, containing about 100 Acres, whereon is Two ſmall Dwelling-houſes and a Tobacco-houſe; the Plantation in good Order, and now Rents for £. 10 currency *per Annum*, alſo Twelve valuable Slaves, Men, Women, Boys and Girls, amongſt which are ſeveral Ploughmen, a complete Waggoner, and Wenches that underſtand Houſe Work; the Time of Four Servants, a Carpenter, Shoemaker, Bricklayer and Labourer, a good Waggon and Team, many other valuable Horſes, Mares and Colts, a large Stock of Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, a Wheat Fan, Ploughs, Cart, and every Plantation Utenſil; all the Houſehold Furniture, conſiſting of Plate, China, many good Feather Beds, Chairs, &c. almoſt new, alſo about 150 Barrels of Corn, a large Quantity of Oats, ſome Wheat, Fodder and Straw; about £. 130 Coſt of Goods, conſiſting of *Iriſh* Linens, Mens and Boys Hats, ſome Silks, &c.

On Saturday the 23d of *November* will be ſold as above, on the Premiſes, a valuable Tract of Land at the Mouth of *Seneca Creek*, in *Frederick* County, about 18 Miles from *George-Town*, containing about 160 Acres, whereon is a Dwelling-Houſe with a Brick Chimney, Kitchen, Milk-houſe, Store-houſe, and ſeveral other Out-houſes. This Place lies on *Patowmack* River, at the Head of the *Seneca* Falls, where in all Probability will be a Landing Place for all Commodities brought down the River from the Back Country, and is likely to be a Place of conſiderable Trade, as it lies convenient to ſeveral Water-Mills. The Land is exceeding rich and well timbered, and the Plantation in good Order for cropping, and would ſuit either Planter, Farmer, or Merchant.

Alſo will be ſold, at the ſame Time and Place, one other Tract of Land, lying in ſaid County, near Mr. *John Riley*'s, containing about 200 Acres; ſome Part of which is cleared, and the Soil good, 40 Barrels Corn, ſome Hogs and Plantation Utenſils.

On Saturday the 30th *November* will be ſold, at Publick Sale, at the Houſe of Mr. *John Orme*, in *George-Town*, Two convenient Lots in the Addition to *George-Town*. Twelve Months Credit will be given to the Purchaſer of the Lands, and till the laſt of *July* to the Purchaſer of the Negroes, &c. where the Debt is above Ten Pounds, on giving Bond and Security to

JANE RIDGELY, Executrix of *Nicholas Greenbury Ridgely*.

N. B. All who have Claims againſt the ſaid *Ridgely*'s Eſtate, are deſired to make them known before the Sale to Mr. *Greenbury Ridgely*, on *Elk-Ridge*, or Mr. *Thomas Johnſon*, *George-Town*.

Upper-Marlborough, September 13, 1771.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave this Place earneſtly intreats all Perſons indebted to him to pay off their Accounts, on or before the Firſt Day of *November* next, that he may be enabled thereby, before his Departure, to pay thoſe to whom he owes Money, who are deſired to bring in their Claims before the above Time.

(tf) JOHN WARREN.

TO BE SOLD,

A Commodious Plantation, on *Elk-Ridge*, within Twenty-two Miles of *Annapolis*, Eighteen of *Baltimore-Town*, and Ten of *Elk-Ridge Landing*, well adapted to Grain and Graſs. A View of the Premiſes will ſufficiently evince the Beauty of the Situation and Fertility of the Soil.

(tf) H. GRIFFITH.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN.